L. Briti Parliements

The humble Defires and

PROPOSITIONS

OF THE

Lords and Commons in Parliament, tendred to His Majestie, Febr. 1.

HIS MAIESTIES

Gracious

ANSWER

and PROPOSITIONS,

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Die Lunæ, 6. Februar. 6. 1642.

IT is this day Ordered by the Commons in Parliament affembled,
That the Propositions from both Houses, and His Majesties Answer
unto them this day received, be forthwith printed and published:
H: Elsynge, Cler. Parl. D. Com.

London, Printed for Edward Husbands, and are to be fold at his shop in the Middle-Temple, Febr. 7. 1642.



231 Joseph Molden Lod 643014 PROPOSITIONS OF THE Lords and Copanion in Landaucat. tendred to His Majodke, i chr. t. MAIRSTIES G W F the deprivation of the commercial transfer of the The state of the second second second Lordin, Prince for Telescope countries



Tour Majesties most bumble and faithfull Subjects, the Lords and Commons in Parliament assembled, having in our thoughes the glary of God, Your Majesties Honour, and the prosperity of Your people; and being most grievously afslicted with the pressing miseries and

calaminies which have overwhelmed Your two Kingdoms of England & Ireland, fince Your Majeftie hath by the per fivation of Evil Councellours withdrawn Your felf from Your Parkament, raised an Army against it, and by force thereaf protected Delinquents from the Instice of it; and constraining us to take Arms for the defence of our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Priviledges of Parliament, and for the fitting of the Parliament in fafet; Which Fears and Dangers are continued and encreafed by the raifing drawing together, & arming of great numbers of Papifts under the Command of the Earl of Newcastle, likewife by making the Lord Herbert of Ragland, and other known Papifis, Commanders of great Forces, whereby many grievous Oppressions Rapines and Cruelties have beene and are daily exercised upon the Persons and Estates of your People . Much innocent blood harb been fit . and the Papilts have attained means of attempting, with hopes of effeeting their mischievens Designe of rooting out the Reformed RELIGION, and destroying the Professors thereof. In the tender sence and compassion of these Evils under which the People and Kingdom lye, according to the Duty which we owe to God, Your Majestie and the Kingdom, for which we are trusted, Do most earnestly desire that an end may bespresothese great Distampers and Distractions, for the prewerting that Defolation subjet doth threaten all Your Majeffies Domentions

Hat Your Majestic will be pleased to disband Your Ar mies, as we likewise shall be ready to disband all those Forces which we have raised; and that You will be pleased to return to Your Parliament.

That You will leave Delinquents to a Legall Tryall, and Judgement of Parliament.

That the Papifts may not onely be disbanded, but difarmed according to Law.

That Your Majestie will be pleased to give Your Royall affent unto the Bill for taking away Superstitions Innovations, To the Bill against scandalous Ministers, To the Bill against Pluralities; To the Bill for the utter abolishing and taking away of all Archbishops, Bishops, their Chancellors and Commissaries, Deans, Sub-Deans, Deans and Chapters, Arch-Deacons, Canons and Prebendaries, and all Chantors, Chancellors, Treasurers, Sub-Treasurers, Succentors and Sacrists, And all Vicars, Chorall and Choristers, old Vicars and new Vicars of any Cathedrall or Collegiate Church, and all outher their under-Officers out of the Church of England, And to the Bill for Consultation to be had with godly, religious

religious, and learned Divines. That Your Majestie will be pleased to promise to passe such other good Bills for settling of Church-Government, as upon Consultation with the Assembly of the said Divines shall be resolved on by both Houses of Parliament, and by them be presented to Your Majestie.

V.

That Your Majesty having express d in Your Answer to the Nineteen Propositions of booli Houses of Parliament, a hearty Affection and Intention for the rooting out of Popery out of this Kingdom. And that if both the Houses of Parliament can yet finde a more effectuall course to disable Jesuits, Priests, and Popish Recusants from disturbing the State or cluding the Lawes, that you

would willingly give your confent unto it.

That You would be gratiously pleased, for the better discovery and speedier conviction of Recusants, that an oath may be thablished by Act of Parliament, to be administred in such manner as by both Houses shall be agreed on, wherein they shall abjute and renownce the popes supremacie, the Doctrine of Transubstantiation, Purgatory, Worshipping of the consecrated Hoast, crucifixes and images, and the resuling of the saye oath being tendred in such manner as shall be appointed by Act of Parliament, shall be a sufficient conviction in law of Recusancies.

And that Your Majestie will be Granously pleased to give Your Royall Assent unto a Bill; for the education of the Children of Papists, by Protestants, in the Prote-

flant Religions to the Total Andrews

That for the more effectuall execution of the Lawes against Popish Recusants, Tour Majesty would be pleafed to confert to a Bill for the true leavying of the Pet

nulties against them, and that the lame Penalties may liber leavyed and disposed of in such manner as both Houses of Parliament shall agree on, so as Your Majesty be at no losse. And likewise to a Bill whereby the practices of Papists against the State may be prevented, and the Laws against them duely executed.

VI.

That the Earl of Bristoll be removed from Your Majefries Councells, and that both he and the Lord Harbert, eldest fon to the Erd of Worcester, may likewise be restrained ned from coming within the Verge of the Court, and that they may not bear any Office, or have any imployments concerning the State of Common-wealth.

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That Your Majesty would be graciously pleased by Act of Parliament to settle the Militia both by Sea and Land, and for the Forts and Ports of the Kingdom, in such manner as shall be agreed on by both Houses.

VIII.

That Your Majesty will be pleased by Your Letters Patents, to make Sir John Brampfon Chiefe Justice of Your Court of Kings-Bench, William Lemball Efquire the now Speaker of the Comons House Mr. of the Rolls and to continue the Lord Chiefe Justice Banches, Chiefe fullice of the Control Common-Pleas, and likewife to make Mafter Serjeant Wilde, Chief Baron of Your Court of the Exchequer, and that Matter Inflice Bacon may be continued, and Mafter Serjeant Rolls, and Mafter Serjeant Atkins made Justices of the Kings Bench, that Mafter Iuftice Reeve, and Mafter Iuftice Forfer may be comil mued, Serjeam Phealan made one of Your Judges of your Court of Common-Pleas; That Mr. Serjeant Creswell, Mil. Sumael Brown and Mr. John Pullefton may be Barons of the ndice

the Enchequor, and that all these and all the Judges of the same Courts for the time to come, may hold their places by Letters Patents under the Great Scale, Quamdin se bene Gesternt, and that the severall persons not before named, that do now hold any of these places before mentioned, may be removed.

That all such persons as have been put out of the Commissions of peace, or of Oyer and Terminer, or from being Custodes Ratularum since the first day of Aprill, 1642. (other then such as were put out by the desire of both or either Houses of Parliament) may again be put into those Commissions and Offices, and that such persons may be put out of those Commissions and Offices as shall be excepted against by both Houses of Parliament.

That your Majesty will be pleased to passe the Bist now presented to Your Majesty, to vindicate and seeme the Priviledge of Parliament; from the ill consequence of the late president in the charge and proceedings against the Lord Kimbbison now Earl of Manchester, and the five Members of the House of Commons.

That your Majesties Royall affent may be given unto such Acts as shall be advised by both Houses of Parliament, for the satisfying and paying of the debts and dant-mages wherein the two Houses of Parliament have engaged the Publike Faith of the Kingdom.

That your Majesty will be pleased according to a gracious Answer heretofore received from you, to enter into a more strict Alliance with the States of the United Provinces and other Neighbour Princes, and States of the Protestant Religion, for the defence and maintainance thereof.

XIII.

That in the generall Pardon which Your Majestic hath been pleased to offer to Your Subjects, all Offences and Misdemeanours committed before the 10. of Jan. 1641. which have been, or shall be questioned, or proceeded against in Parliament upon complaint in the House of Commons, before the 10. of Jan. 1643. shall be excepted, which Offences and Misdemeanours shall neverthelesse be taken and adjudged to be fully discharged, against all other inferiour Courts.

That likewise there shall be an exception of all offences committed by any person or persons, which hath or have had any hand or practise in the Rebellion of Ireland, which hath or have given any councell, assistance, or encouragement, to the Rebells there for the maintainance of that Rebellion, as likewise an exception of William Earle

of Newcastle, and George Lord Digby.

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Members of either House of Parliament to their severall places of service and imployment, out of which they have been put since the beginning of this Parliament, that

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they may receive satisfaction and reparation for those places, and for the prosits which they have lost by such removall, upon the Petition of both Houses of Parliament: And that all others may be restored to their Offices and Employments, who have been put out of the same upon any displeasure conceived against them, for any assistance given to both Houses of Parliament, or obeying their Commands, or forbearing to leave their Attendance upon the Parliament without License, or for any other occasion arising from these unhappy differences betwixt Your Majesty and both Houses of Parliament, upon the like Petition of both Houses.

These things being granted and performed, as it hath atwayes been our hearty prayers, so shall we be enabled to make it our hopefull endeavour. That Your Majesty and Your People may enjoy the blessings of Peace, Truth, and Instice, The Royalty and Greatnesse of Your Throne may be supported by Your loyall and bountifull Affections of Your People, Their Liberties and Priviledges maintained by Your Majesties Protection and Instice, And this publike Honour and Happinesse of Your Majesty and all Your Dominions, communicated to other Churches and States of Your Alliance, and derived to Your Royall Posterity, and the suture Generations of this Kingdom for ever.

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His Majesties Answer.

F His Majestie had not given up all the Faculties of His Soul to an earnest endeavor of a Peace and Reconciliation with His People, Or if He would suffer Himself by any provocation to be drawne to a sharpnesse of

Language, at a time when there seems somewhat like an Overture of Accommodation, He could not but resent the heavy charges upon Him in the Preamble of these Propositions, and would not suffer Himself to be reproached with protecting of Delinquents by force from Justice (His Majesties desire having alwayes been, That all men should be tryed by the known Law, and having been refused it) with raising an Army against His Parliament: And to be told, That Arms have been taken up against Him for the desence of Religion, Laws, Liberties, Priviledges of Parliament; And for the

firting of the Parliament in fafety with many other particulars in that Preamble, footien and fofully answered by His Majesty without remembring the world of the time, and circumstances of raifing those Arms against Him; When His Majestie was to farre from being in a condition to invade other mens Rights, that He was not able to maintain and defend His own from violence. And without telling His good Subjects, That their Religion (the true Protestant Religion in which His Majestie was born, hath faithfully lived, and to which He will dye a willing Sacrifice) their Laws, Liberties, Priviledges, and fafety of Parliament were to amply fettled and effablished, or offered to be lo by His Majestie, before any Army was raised against Him, and long before any railed by Him for His defence. That if nothing had been directed but that Peace and Protection which his Babiers and their Ancestors had in the best times enjoyed under His Majestie, or His Royall Predecessors this milunderstanding and distance between His Majesty and His People; and this generall mifery and difraction upon the face of the whole Kingdom had not been now the discourse of Christendome: But His Majestie will forbear any expressions of bitternelle, or of a sense of His own sufferings, That if it be possible the memory thereof may be lost to the world . And therefore though many of the Propositions presented to His Majestie by both Houles appear to Him very derogatory from and destructive to His just power and prerogative, and

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no way beneficiall to His Subjects few of them being already due to them by the Laws established And how unparhamentary it is by Arms to require new Laws, all the world may judge yer because there hav be waved, or mollished, and many things that are now dark or doubtfull in them, cleared and explained upon debare) His Majestle is pleased (such is His senior of the miseries this Kingdom suffers by this unnaturall Warre, and His carnott defire to temove them by a happy peace) That a speedy time and place be agreed upon for the meeting of such Persons as His Majestie and both Houses shall appoint, to discuss these Propositions; and such others here following, as His Majestie doth propose to them.

I That His Majesties own Revenue, Magazines, Towns, Pores, and Ships, which have been taken or kept from Him by force, be forthwich restored unto Him.

II. That what sower hash been done or published contrary to the known Laws of the Land, or derogatory to HB Majesties Legall and known Power, and Rights, be renounced and recalled, that no seed magremain for the like to spring out of, for the future.

TTI. That what sever Ittegall Rower hath been claimed and exercised by, or over His Subjects, as Impriforing their Persons, without Law stopping their Habeas. Corpusses and imposings upon their Estates without Act of Parlament, Sec. Either by both or either Houses, or any Committee of both or either, or by any Persons appointed.

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pointed by any of them, be disclaimed, and all such Per-

fores fo committed forthwith discharged.

IV. That as His Majestie will readily consent having done so be retosore), to the Execution of all Laws already made, and to any good Alls to be made, for the supergling of Popery, and for the surm settling of the Protestant Religion now established by Law. So He desires that a good Bill may be framed for the better preferring of the Book of Common Prayet, from the sectures, mith such Brownists, Anabaptists, and other Sectures, mith such Clauses for the ease of tender Confesionees as His Majesty hath sormerly offered.

V. That all such Persons as upon the Treaty shall be excepted out of the generall pardon, shall be tried per Pares, according to the usuall Course and known Laws of the Land; and that it be left to that either to acquit or

condemn them.

VI. And to the intent this Treaty may not suffer Interruption by any intervening accidents, That a Cessation of Arms, and free trade for all His Majesties Subjects may be first agreed upon.

This Offer and desire of His Majestie He hopes will be so cheerfully entertained, that a speedy and blessed Peace may be accomplished: It it shall be rejected, or by insitting upon unreasonable Circumstances be made impossible (which He hopes God in his mercy to this Nation, will not suffer) the guilt of the Bloud which will be shed, and the desolation which must follow, will sye upon the Heads of the resusers; However His Majestie is resolved, through

through what Accidents foever, He shall be compelled to recover His Rights, and with what professions successes fover it shall please God to blesse Him, That by His earnest constant Endeavours to Propogate and Promote the true Protestant Relion, and by His governing according to the known Laws of the Land, and upholding the just Priviledges of Parliament, according to His frequent Protestations made before Almighty God, which He will alwayes inviolably observe; the world shall fe, That He hash undergone all these difficulties, and hazards, for the detence and maintenance of those; The zealous preservation of which, His Majestie well knows, is the onely foundation and means for the true mappy nesse of Plim and His People.



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through what Accidents foever, He fail be com-Pie Luney 6. Febr. 1642.60 Propess of Canada Contract Con on, and by H's coveraing according to the known mons in Parliament affembled, Than the Propositions from both Houses to His Majefite, and His Majefites And forer unto them the day received be forthwish Printed and Bublished . and

Hen. Elfynge, Cler. Parl. D.Com Reseases established

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